Snapshot

Pyogenic brain abscess due to Streptococcus anginosus

23-year-old previously healthy Filipina migrant woman presented with confusion and worsening headache.

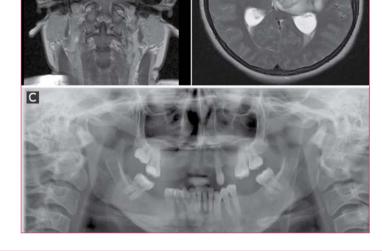
Magnetic resonance imaging showed a $4.6\times5.1\,\mathrm{cm}$ ring-enhancing lesion in the left thalamus, with extensive surrounding oedema (Figure, A and B).

Microscopy of a biopsy sample showed pus and gram-positive cocci. Cultures grew *Streptococcus anginosus* (also known as *Streptococcus milleri*), an organism that is part of normal oral flora and a well known cause of metastatic abscesses.

static abscesses.

The patient admitted to undergoing multiple recent tooth extractions (Figure, C). She was treated with 6 weeks of intravenous benzylpenicillin and made a full recovery, with com-

plete abscess resolution on follow-up



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